



Presentation on the Household Socio Economic and Energy Use Baseline Survey, Bartica, Guyana



Project objectives

- To understand the energy use of Bartica in domestic and small commercial sector by inspecting a **representative sample**.
- To identify the areas where energy is being wasted in this sample through equipment and systems and also identify the energy saving opportunities.
- Provide recommendations with regards to reducing the energy consumption.



Methodology

- Analyse electrical consumption individually and in the total sample
- Analyse Gas, Diesel, LPG, Kerosene and other fossil fuel consumption.
- Identifying strategies for the building **envelope** and put forward recommendations for review.



Electrical consumption

- Establish the electrical consumption in the typical house In Bartica and in the total sample:
- Analyze main source of electricity
- Analyze appliances: numbers, power, age, working hours
- Analyze lighting: number, type, power, type and square feet of every room



Fossil fuel consumption

- Establish the fossil fuel consumption in the typical house In Bartica and in the total sample:
- Analyze main source: gas, kerosene, LPG and the use: cooking, generator
- Analyze the consumption: and calculate the energy KWh/day of this consumption



TOTAL consumption

kWh/day in a kWh/day in % Category typical house sample Appliances 4.98 1,688.6 53 Lighting 1.4 477.7 15 DHW 0.77 5.42 0 Gas and diesel generator 6.65 319 10 Gas cooking 7.68 707 22

Table 9: Total Energy consumption

21.48

TOTAL

Typical house is the mode



3197.7

100

Energy Saving

- Lighting:
 - I. Lighting upgrade
 - II. Decreasing working hours
- **Appliance**: Upgrade
- DHW: future improvement
- Building envelope :
 - I. Decreasing solar gains through windows
 - II. Introducing cavity walls
 - III. Reduce infiltration
 - IV. Decreasing U value



Lighting savings

Upgrading: incandescent bulbs to LED

| Curre | nt scenario | Proposed | l improvement | Difference | | | |
|----------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| KWh/day | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | KWh/day | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | KWh/day | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | GYD/day | USD/day |
| 477.6 | 86 | 338.676 | 61 | 138.9 | 25 | 6,033.5 | 28.70 |
| KWh/year | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | KWh/year | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | KWh/year | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | GYD/year | USD/year |
| 174,324 | 31,390 | 123,616.74 | 22,374.62994 | 50,698 | 9,178 | 2,202,216 | 10,486.74 |



Lighting savings

Reducing number hours:

| Site | Type of luminaires | Number lamps | Daily use per unit (h/day) |
|-------------|---|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| Living room | Incandescent | 78 | 8 |
| Ü | Fluorescent compact | 287 | 6 |
| | Halogen | 4 | 7 |
| | LED | 47 | 3 |
| | Fluorescent tubes | 130 | 6 |
| Kitchen | *************************************** | | 10 |
| | Fluorescent compact | 218 | 6 |
| | LED | 9 | 4 |
| | Fluorescent tubes | 76 | 3 |
| Bedroom | Incandescent | 101 | 8 |
| | Fluorescent compact | 431 | 5 |
| | Halogen | 1 | 5 |
| | LED | 39 | 1 |
| | Fluorescent tubes | 103 | 1 |
| wc | Incandescent | 39 | 5 |
| | Fluorescent compact | 127 | 1 |
| | Halogen | 1 | 4 |
| | LED | 9 | 4 |
| | Fluorescent tubes | 37 | 4 |
| Garage | Incandescent | 2 | 12 |
| HALL | Incandescent | 4 | 3 |
| | Fluorescent compact | 13 | 5 |
| | Fluorescent tubes | 5 | 5 |
| Security | Incandescent | 94 | 12 |
| | Fluorescent compact | 245 | 12 |
| | Halogen | 6 | 12 |
| | LED | 20 | 12 |
| | Fluorescent tubes | 129 | 12 |

Table 12: Number of functioning hours of lamps



Lighting savings

Reducing number hours:

Calculations:

Living room, Kitchen, bedroom: 4 hours

WC, garage and hall: 2 hours

• Security: 4 working hours considering the installation of passive infrared sensor

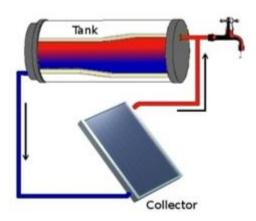
| Current scenario Proposed improvement | | limprovement | Difference | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| KWh/day | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | KWh/day | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | KWh/day | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | GYD/day | USD/day |
| 477.6 | 86 | 242.3 | 43.8 | 235.3 | 42 | 10,219 | 48 |
| KWh/year | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | KWh/year | CO_2 emissions (kg) | KWh/year | CO ₂ emissions (kg) | GYD/year | USD/year |
| 174,324 | 31,553 | 88,439.5 | 16,007 | 85,885 | 15,330 | 3,729,986 | 17,520 |



Savings via DHW and appliances

Appliance: more than 90% of the appliances in Bartica are less than 10 years old

Introducing solar thermal: for avoiding electric consumptions





Savings via Envelopment

- **Decreasing solar gains through windows :** solar shading 10% maximum cost savings AC
- **Baseline** calculation Bartica 2 store house and calculation with 3 improvements

Option 1: a cavity wall

Option 2: a cavity wall + reduced infiltration

Option 3: improvement in the U values, infiltration and cavity wall

| | Energy (kWh/year) | % Energy savings |
|----------|-------------------|------------------|
| Baseline | 16.354 | NA |
| Option 1 | 11.244 | 31% |
| Option 2 | 9.760 | 40% |
| Option 3 | 5.897 | 64% |



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